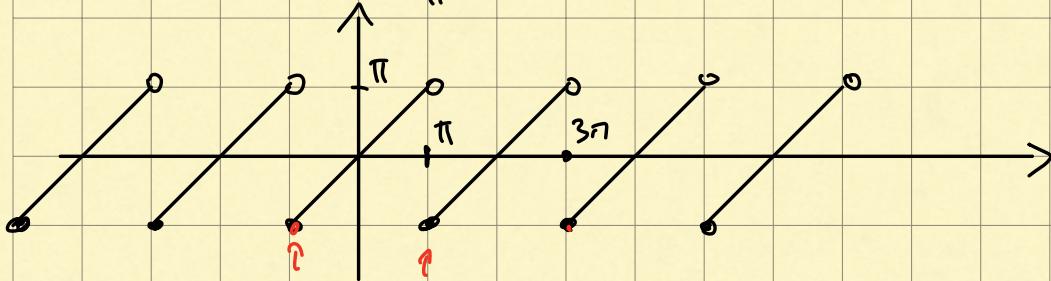


Last time: Fourier Series of 2π -periodic functions

$$f \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(nt) + b_n \sin(nt))$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(nt) f(t) dt \quad (n \geq 0)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(nt) f(t) dt \quad (n \geq 1)$$



$$f(t) = t, \quad -\pi \leq t < \pi, \quad 2\pi\text{-periodic.}$$

$$a_n =$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{t^2}{2} \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \cos(nt) dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\sin(nt)}{n} \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[t \frac{\sin(nt)}{n} \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{\sin(nt)}{n} dt$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 0. \\
 b_n &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \sin(nt) dt = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} t \frac{d}{dt} \left(-\frac{\cos(nt)}{n} \right) dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[t \left(-\frac{\cos(nt)}{n} \right) \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 \cdot \frac{\cos(nt)}{n} dt \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\pi \left(-\frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n} \right) + (-\pi) \frac{\cos(n\pi)}{n} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(-\frac{2\pi}{n} \cos(n\pi) \right) = -\frac{2}{n} \cos(n\pi) \\
 &= \begin{cases} -\frac{2}{n} \cdot 1 & n \text{ even} \\ -\frac{2}{n} \cdot (-1) & n \text{ odd} \end{cases} = -\frac{2}{n} (-1)^n \\
 &= \frac{2}{n} (-1)^{n+1} \\
 f &\sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n} (-1)^{n+1} \sin(nt) \quad (\alpha_n = 0 \text{ for all } n) //
 \end{aligned}$$

More general periodic functions

$f(t)$ w/ period $P = 2L$ (L half period)

Want: F. S. for $f(t)$.

Consider: $g(u) = f\left(\frac{L}{\pi}u\right)$

$$\begin{aligned} g(u + 2\pi) &= f\left(\frac{L}{\pi}(u + 2\pi)\right) = \\ &= f\left(\frac{Lu}{\pi} + \frac{2L}{\pi}\right) = f\left(\frac{Lu}{\pi} + P\right) \\ &= f\left(\frac{Lu}{\pi}\right) = g(u). \end{aligned}$$

So: g is 2π -periodic.

$$g(u) \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos(nu) + b_n \sin(nu) \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} g(u) \cos(nu) du, \quad b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} g(u) \sin(nu) du.$$

$$f(t) = g\left(\frac{L}{\pi}t\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(t) \sim \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}t\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}t\right) \right)$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f\left(\frac{L}{\pi}u\right) \cos(nu) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} f(t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}t\right) dt$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(t) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}t\right) dt.$$

Note: if $L = \pi$ we find original formula.

Similarly:

$$b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^L f(t) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}t\right) dt$$

Boxcs: F.S. for $2L$ -periodic functions.