## MA 16010 Lesson 6: The Derivative

## Recall (slopes of linear functions).

The slope of a linear function $f(x)=a x+b$ is the number $\qquad$ .
Meaning of slope:

Meaning of slope geometrically:

The derivative. For a function $y=f(z)$, we want to be able to:

- Find the tangent line too its graph at a given point $x$,
- In particular, find the slope of tangent line: This is called


## How to find the derivative (using limits).

slope of the secant line $=$

As $h$ gets smaller and smaller, the secant line approaches the tangent line. Therefore

Definition. The derivative of $f(x)$ at $x$ is defined as

Example (derivative from definition step by step):
Compute the slope of the tangent line of $f(x)=5 x^{2}-2 x+8$ at general $x$ :

- $f(x+h)=$
- $f(x+h)-f(x)=$
- $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}=$
- $f^{\prime}(x)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}=$


## Example:

Compute $f^{\prime}(x)$ for $f(x)=\frac{3}{4 x+1}$ :

## Example:

Find $f^{\prime}(3)$ when $f(x)=x^{2}+7$ :

## Example:

Find the equation of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x)=\frac{3}{x^{2}+1}$ at $x=2$ :

