

Math 266 Summer 2016 Quiz 5

1) Find the general solution of the differential equation $4y'' + 17y' + 4y = 0$.

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 17 \\ \hline 119 \\ 170 \\ \hline 289 \\ 16 \\ \hline 64 \end{array}$$

$$4r^2 + 17r + 4 = 0$$

$$r = \frac{-17 \pm \sqrt{289 - 64}}{8}$$

$$r = \frac{-17 \pm \sqrt{225}}{8}$$

$$= \frac{-17 \pm 15}{8}$$

roots are $-\frac{1}{4}$ and -4

$$y(t) = c_1 e^{-t/4} + c_2 e^{-4t}$$

2) Find a second solution using reduction of order.

$$t^2 y'' + 2ty' - 2y = 0; \quad y_1(t) = t, t > 0$$

$$y = v y_1 = tv$$

$$y' = tv' + v$$

$$y'' = tv'' + v' + v' = tv'' + 2v'$$

$$t^2(tv'' + 2v') + 2t(tv' + v) - 2(tv) = 0$$

$$t^3 v'' + 2t^2 v' + 2t^2 v' + 2tv - 2tv = 0$$

$$t^3 v'' + 4t^2 v' = 0$$

$$\text{let } u = v'. \text{ Then } u' = v''$$

$$t^3 u' + 4t^2 u = 0$$

$$u' + \frac{4}{t} u = 0$$

$$u(t) = \exp\left(\int \frac{4}{t} dt\right) = (e^{\ln t})^4 = t^4$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}[t^4 u] = 0$$

$$t^4 u = k_2$$

$$u = k_2 t^{-4}$$

$$v' = k_2 t^{-4}$$

$$v = \frac{k_2}{-3} t^{-3} + c_1$$

$$= c_2 t^{-3} + c_1$$

$$y = vt = (c_2 t^{-3} + c_1) t$$

$$= c_2 t^{-2} + c_1 t$$

$$\text{So } y_2 = t^{-2} \text{ or } \frac{1}{t^2}$$

high: 20

low: 11

mean: 15.89