MA161 Quiz 12 Solutions

TA: Carlos Salinas

February 22, 2018

Problem 12.1. Find the derivative of

$$\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x}^{\tan^{-1}(\mathbf{x})}.$$

Solution. As we saw in the previous quiz, we can write y as

$$y = x^{\tan^{-1}(x)} = e^{\ln(x)\tan^{-1}(x)}.$$

Then

$$y' = \left(\frac{\tan^{-1}(x)}{x} + \frac{\ln(x)}{x^2 + 1}\right) x^{\tan^{-1}(x)}.$$

Problem 12.2. Find dy/dx by implicit differentiation

- (a) $9\sqrt{x} + 9\sqrt{y} = 8;$
- (b) $4x^2 + 3xy y^2 = 3$.

Solution. For part (a),

$$8 = 9\sqrt{x} + 9\sqrt{y},$$

$$0 = \frac{9}{2\sqrt{x}} + \frac{9y'}{2\sqrt{y}},$$

$$y' = -\frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}},$$

$$= -\sqrt{\frac{y}{x}}.$$

For part (b),

$$3 = 4x^{2} + 3xy - y^{2},$$

$$0 = 8x + 3xy' + 3y - 2yy'$$

$$-8x - 3y(3x - 2y)y'$$

$$y' = \frac{8x + 3y}{2y - 3x}.$$

Problem 12.3. Find the derivative of the function

$$5^{\ln(x)+a^2}$$
.

Solution. Here is a simple solution. Write

$$y = 5^{\ln(x) + a^{2}}$$

= $5^{a^{2}} e^{\ln(5) \ln(x)}$
= $5^{a^{2}} (e^{\ln(x)})^{\ln(5)}$
= $5^{a^{2}} x^{\ln(5)}$.

Therefore,

$$y' = 5^{a^2} \ln(5) x^{\ln(5)-1}.$$

MA161 Quiz 12 Solutions