EXERCISE OF SECTION 4.2, 4.3

Question 1. Suppose that $V = \mathbb{R}$, $u \oplus v = u - v$ and $c \odot u = cu$. Is $(V, \oplus; \mathbb{R}, \odot)$ a vector space?

Question 2. Which of the followings are subspaces of \mathbb{R}^2 equipped with the usual vector addition and scalar multiplication?

- S1: The line y = x + 1.
- S2: The line y = -x.
- S3: The closed upper half space $W = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : y \ge 0\}.$
- S4: The origin, i.e., the point (0,0).
- A. Only S2.
- B. Only S1 and S2.
- C. Only S2 and S4.
- D. Only S1, S2 and S3.
- E. None of them.