

MA 523/Spring 2017
Homework 1

(Due Thursday, January 26 in class or before 3pm in MATH 714)

1. Let $U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ be a bounded domain with smooth boundary ∂U . Let ν denote the outward unit normal of ∂U . For two smooth functions f, g on \bar{U} . Prove the second Green's identity:

$$\int_U (f \Delta g - g \Delta f) = \int_{\partial U} \left(f \frac{\partial g}{\partial \nu} - g \frac{\partial f}{\partial \nu} \right).$$

2. Write down an explicit formula for a solution u to:

$$\begin{cases} u_t + b \cdot Du + cu = 0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times (0, +\infty) \\ u = g & \text{on } \mathbb{R}^n \times \{t = 0\}. \end{cases}$$

Here $c \in \mathbb{R}$ and $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$ are constants.

3. Solve the following equation:

$$au_x + bu_y + cu = 0 \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^2; \quad u(x, 0) = f(x) \text{ on } \mathbb{R},$$

where $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ are non-zero constants, and f is a given function.

4. Solve the following equation:

$$u_x - u_y + 5u = e^{3x-4y} \text{ in } \mathbb{R}^2; \quad u(x, 0) = 0 \text{ on } \mathbb{R}.$$

5. Prove that Laplace's equation $\Delta u = 0$ is rotation invariant: that is, if O is an orthogonal $n \times n$ matrix and we define

$$v(x) = u(Ox), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^n,$$

then $\Delta v = 0$.