

Review Problems for Midterm II, MA 213, Fall 2013

Exam Date: Wednesday November 13 2013

- The second midterm exam covers Chapter 14.5-14.7, and Chapter 15.1-15.5.
- Time and Place: 2:00-2:50 pm, CB 106.

Here is a set of review problems.

1. Find an equation of the tangent plane to the surface $x^2 + z^2 e^{y-x} = 13$ at the point $P = (2, 3, \frac{3}{\sqrt{e}})$.
2. Calculate the directional derivative in the direction \mathbf{v} at the given point P for $f(x, y, z) = x \ln(y + z)$, $\mathbf{v} = (2, -1, 1)$, and $P = (2, e, e)$.
3. Use the chain rule to calculate the partial derivatives: $\frac{\partial h}{\partial q}$ at $(q, r) = (3, 2)$, where $h(u, v) = ue^v$, $u = q^3$, $v = qr^2$.
4. Use implicit differentiation to calculate the partial derivative: $\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}$, where $x^2 w + w^3 + wz^2 + 3yz = 0$.
5. Find the critical points of the function, Then use the Second Derivative Test to determine whether they are local minima, local maxima, or saddle points: $f(x, y) = x^3 + y^4 - 6x - 2y^2$; $g(x, y) = \ln x + 2 \ln y - x - 4y$.
6. Determine the global extreme values of the function on the given domain: $f(x, y) = (4y^2 - x^2)e^{-x^2 - y^2}$, $x^2 + y^2 \leq 2$.
7. Calculate the double integral

$$\int \int_R (xy^2 + \frac{y}{x}) dA$$

where

$$R = \{(x, y) | 2 \leq x \leq 3, -1 \leq y \leq 0\}.$$

8. Use the polar coordinate to calculate the double integral

$$\int_0^1 \int_y^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \frac{1}{3 + x^2 + y^2} dx dy.$$

9. Evaluate the double integral

$$\int_0^2 \int_{-\sqrt{4-y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} x^2 y^2 dx dy.$$

10. Calculate the volume of the region above the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ and below the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$.
11. Find the mass of the region D that is enclosed by the cardioid $r = 1 + \cos \theta$ with density $\rho(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.

12. Use the Fubini's theorem (or equivalently, the iterated integration) to evaluate the triple integral

$$\int \int \int_E yz \cos(x^5) dV,$$

where

$$E = \{(x, y, z) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x, 0 \leq z \leq 2x\}.$$

13. Use the spherical coordinates to calculate

$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-y^2}} \int_{-\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}}^{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} y^2 \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} dz dx dy.$$

14. Find the center of mass for the lamina that occupies the region D and has the given density function ρ : D is the triangular region with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(2, 1)$, $(0, 3)$; $\rho(x, y) = x + y$.
15. Evaluate the double integral by making an appropriate change of variables

$$\int \int_{\mathbf{R}} \frac{x + 2y}{\cos(x - y)} dx dy,$$

where \mathbf{R} is the parallelogram bounded by the lines $y = x$, $y = x - 14$, $x + 2y = 0$, $x + 2y = 2$.

16. Use the map

$$G(u, v) = \left(\frac{u + v}{2}, \frac{u - v}{2} \right)$$

to compute

$$\int \int_{\mathcal{R}} ((x - y) \sin(x + y))^2 dx dy,$$

where \mathcal{R} is the square with vertices $(\pi, 0)$, $(2\pi, \pi)$, $(\pi, 2\pi)$, and $(0, \pi)$.